NAEMSP AIRWAY MANAGEMENT REPORTING TEMPLATE

Patient demographic information:	4-6. Patient subsets (Select Yes/No):
Date:/ Dispatch Time:: am / pm	Is patient in cardiopulmonary arrest on intubation?
EMS Service Name/No.:	Is patient a victim of trauma? ∠ Yes ∠ No Is patient under 18 years old? ∠ Yes ∠ No
Pt age (yr): Patient sex: & M & F	7-11. Vital signs prior to ETI attempt (leave blank if not obtained):
Indication for invasive airway management (check one):	Pulse: beats/min Blood Pressure: / mmHg
Appea or agonal respirations Airway reflax compromised	Resp Rate: breaths/min SaO ₂ : %
 ∠ Airway reflex compromised ∠ Ventilatory effort compromised 	12-14. Glasgow Coma Score (GCS) before intubation:
 ∠ Injury/illness involving airway ∠ Adequate airway reflexes/vent effort, but potential for compromise 	Eye: & none (1) & pain (2) & verbal (3) & spontaneous (4)
Other	Verbal: mone (1) incomprehensible (2) inappropriate words (3)
Was endotracheal intubation (ETI) attempted?	∠ disoriented (4) ∠ oriented (5)
∠ Yes ∠ No	Motor: ✓ no response (1) ✓ extends to pain (2) ✓ flexes to pain (3) ✓ withdraws from pain (4)
If ETI not attempted – alternate method of airway support:	∠ localizes pain (5) ∠ obeys commands (6)
	15. Monitoring and treatment modalities concurrent with intubation
	(check all that apply):
Some Cricothyroidotomy Other Cricothyroidotomy Not Applicable (ETL Attenuated)	 ∠ ECG monitor ∠ Pulse-Oximetry ∠ IV access ∠ C-spine immobilization
	∠ IV access ∠ C-spine immobilization ∠ CPR (chest compressions) ∠ Gum Elastic Bougie
	∠ Other:
17. Level of training of each rescuer attempting intubation:	
Rescuer Level of	Training (check one)
A [†] ∠ EMT-P ∠ EMT-I ∠ EMT-B ∠ Medic Student ∠ Nurse/PF	HRN ∠ Phys Asst ∠ MD/DO (attend) ∠ MD/DO (res) ∠ Other:
B [†]	HRN & Phys Asst & MD/DO (attend) & MD/DO (res) & Other:
C [†] ∠ EMT-P ∠ EMT-I ∠ EMT-B ∠ Medic Student ∠ Nurse/PF	HRN ∠ Phys Asst ∠ MD/DO (attend) ∠ MD/DO (res) ∠ Other:
16-18. Provide information for each laryngoscopy attempt.	
FOR ORAL ROUTE, EACH INSERTION OF BLADE (LARYNGOSCO) FOR NASAL ROUTE, EACH PASS OF TUBE PAST NARES IS ONE	"ATTEMPT."
17 Who 18 Wa	Indicate drugs given to facilitate intubation:
Attempt I In FILMethod I I	
	s Melonidate mg Melonidate mg
	s ∠ No ∠ Atropine mg ∠ Topical Spray s ∠ No ∠ Other – Specify: mg
#4 ØOTI ØNTI ØSedation ØRSI ØAØBØC ØYes	
19-24. Endotracheal tube confirmation.	
19. Auscultation	
21. Syringe Aspiration Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement Esophageal Placement	
22. Colorimetric ETCO ₂ Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement 23. Digital ETCO ₂ Tracheal Placement Esophageal Placement	
	nt Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed. Indeterminate Not Assessed Tube not placed.
	nt ✓ Indeterminate ✓ Not Assessed ✓ Tube not placed.
25. Peak ETCO2 value: // Indeterminate	
26. Was ETI successful for the overall encounter (on transfer of care to ED or helicopter)?	 If all intubation attempts FAILED, indicate suspected reasons for failed intubation (check all that apply):
∠ Yes ∠ No	
27. Who determined the final placement (location) of ET tube?	 ∠ Inability to expose vocal cords. ∠ Secretions/blood/vomit. ∠ Unable to access pt.
≪ Rescuer performing intubation.	
	accomplished.
	
Ø Other:	If all intubation attempts FAILED, indicate secondary (rescue) airway technique used (check all that apply):
28-32. Vital signs after intubation attempt:	■ Bag-Valve-Mask (BVM) Ventilation ■ Needle/Jet Ventilation
Pulse: beats/min Blood Pressure: / mmHg	
Resp Rate: breaths/min SaO ₂ : %	36. Did secondary (rescue) airway result in satisfactory
 Critical complications encountered during airway management (Check all that apply): 	ventilation?
	37-38. Airway Management Times
	Time of decision to intubate: am / pm Time of successful intubation: am / pm
≝ Esophageal intubation – detected in ED.	Time intubation abandoned: am / pm
a race distruged during dansport/patient care.	